

Security Assessment & Formal Verification Final Report

SiloCore v2

November 2024

Prepared for Silo Team





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Project Summary

Project Scope

Project Name	Repository (link)	Latest Commit Hash	Platform
silo-contracts -v2	https://github.com/silo-financ e/silo-contracts-v2/tree/devel op/silo-core	e538933	EVM

Project Overview

This document describes the specification and verification of **silo contracts v2** using the Certora Prover and manual code review findings. The work was undertaken from **November 4th** to **November 25th 2024**

The following contract list is included in our scope:

silo-core/contracts/*

The Certora Prover demonstrated that the implementation of the **Solidity** contracts above is correct with respect to the formal rules written by the Certora team. In addition, the team performed a manual audit of all the Solidity contracts. During the verification process and the manual audit, the Certora team discovered bugs in the Solidity contracts code, as listed on the following page.

Please note that a few more formal rules are not included in this report, as they were proven with an unreleased version of the Certora Prover. Once those rules are proven on a released version of the Certora Prover, we will add them to the next version of this document.

Protocol Overview

Silo is a lending protocol between two assets. Each silo holds two assets that can be used as collateral for debt from either asset. Each half of the silo uses three share tokens to manage the debt, collateral, and protected collateral of each user. Shares can be traded and are a wrapped ERC20.





Findings Summary

The table below summarizes the findings of the review, including type and severity details.

Severity	Discovered	Confirmed	Fixed
Critical	0	_	-
High	2	2	2
Medium	2	2	1
Low	2	2	2
Informational	4	4	2
Total	10	10	7

Severity Matrix

	High	Medium	High	Critical
Impact	Medium	Low	Medium	High
	Low	Low	Low	Medium
		Low	Medium	High
	Likelihood			





Detailed Findings

ID	Title	Severity	Status
H-01	Faulty hook location can lead to drains from legitimate hooks.	High	Fixed.
H-02	Max repay front run grift	High	Fixed
M-01	Transition Collateral fails when the user is insolvent.	Medium	Fixed
M-02	Silo router might be susceptible to advanced attack vectors	Medium	Redesign planned.
L-01	withdrawFees is not protected by the reentrancy guard.	Low	Fixed
L-02	_beforeTokenTransfer for debtToken does not reduce currentAllowance.	Low	Fixed
I-01	Borrow and Repay within the same block might Grief some actions for that block.	Informational	Acknowledged. Fix not needed.
I-02	Implement a view alternative to beforeQuote.	Informational	Acknowledged. Fix not needed.
I-03	LiquidationCall Might want to turn on the reentrancy guard.	Informational	Fixed
I-04	Possible gas optimization in accrueInterestForAsset	Informational	Fixed





High Severity Issues

H-01 Faulty hook location can lead to drains from legitimate hooks.

Severity: High	Impact: High	Likelihood: Medium
Files: Actions.sol	Status: Not Fixed	Violated Property:

Note: This finding has the initial severity of Critical but its severity was lowered due to the customer's threat model.

Description: Many of the Actions inside Action.sol follow the following pattern:

- 1. Check requirements.
- 2. Hook before the call.
- 3. Turn on the reentrancy guard.

This pattern can be used to fully drain a silo given a hook configuration that allows re-entrency, for example, a hook that transfers an unrelated erc777 token would be exploitable with this attack.

Exploit Scenario:

1. An attacker sends a borrow action to an exploitable silo.

```
function borrow(ISilo.BorrowArgs memory _args)
external
returns (uint256 assets, uint256 shares)

{

ISiloConfig siloConfig = ShareTokenLib.siloConfig();

IhorSF, 5 months ago · silo-core: borrow fn refactoring (#560) ...

require(!siloConfig.hasDebtInOtherSilo(address(this), _args.borrower), ISilo.BorrowNotPossible());

_hookCallBeforeBorrow(_args, Hook.BORROW); // msg.sender.function

siloConfig.turnOnReentrancyProtection();
siloConfig.accrueInterestForBothSilos();
siloConfig.setOtherSiloAsCollateralSilo(_args.borrower);
```





- 2. The check in line 124 is passed, and then in line 126 the hook is triggered.
- 3. The attacker creates a new debt position by depositing and borrowing a significant position.
- 4. Line 130 sets the other silo as collateral as opposed to this silo, effectively freeing the locked collateral created in step 3.
- 5. The attacker borrows an insignificant amount in this silo, passing the solvency check for that insignificant debt.
- 6. The attacker withdraws the significant collateral, as it is no longer tied to any debt, draining the silo.

Recommendations: Throughout the codebase, it is recommended to hook before any checks for any method, as well as to move all checks to be within the re-entrency guarded block of code.

Perhaps through the use of modifiers, the API can be simplified by adding a hookable modifier and a reentrecy guarded modifier.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/845.





H-02 Max repay front run grift

Severity: High	Impact: Medium	Likelihood: High
Files: Actions.sol	Status: Not Fixed	Violated Property:

Description: The repay action can be front-run, by repaying the dust amount. The function itself would try to overpay more than the actual debt present, causing a reversion. This can effectively make the repay API almost unusable.

Exploit Scenario:

- Alice has a large debt that she wishes to repay.
- Eve front runs and repays a single share of Alice's debt.
- Alice reverts.

Recommendations: In SiloLendingLib, if a repay is requested for more shares than the balance of a given borrower, cap the shares to the borrower maximum.

Note:

- The assets might need to be recalculated in that case.
- In the case of liquidation, some leftover assets might need to be returned to the msg.sender in that case.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/847.





Medium Severity Issues

M-01 Transition Collateral fails when the user is insolvent.

Severity: Medium	Impact: Medium	Likelihood: High
Files: Actions.sol	Status: Not Fixed	Violated Property:

Description: transitionCollateral uses the wrong solvency check in cases where the user is insolvent but through a different silo.

Exploit Scenario: N/A

Recommendations: use siloConfig.getConfigsForWithdraw in order to determine if solvency check is needed.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/846.





M-02 Silo router might be susceptible to advanced attack vectors

Severity: Medium	Impact: Medium	Likelihood: Low
Files: SiloRounter.sol	Status: Not Fixed	Violated Property:

Description: SiloRounter Calls user-provided address. Because this contract is used by every silo user, it is preferred to add a couple checks to make sure that advanced attacks on this contract are impossible.

Note: No exploit vector was found for this bug.

Recommendations:

- 1. Use the factories is Silo to tie the router with a specific factory, making sure that all provided silos at least were created by the factory.
- 2. Create a unique router for each silo pair.
- 3. Register each siloConfig with the router, and check that at no point the router is left with debtShare tokens of any of the registered silos.

Customer's response: Acknowledged

Fix Review: Router will be redesigned and current code will not be used.





Low Severity Issues

L-01 withdrawFees is not protected by the reentrancy guard.

Severity: Low	Impact: Low	Likelihood: high
Files: silo.sol	Status: Not Fixed	Violated Property:

Description: withdrawFees should use the reentrancy guard.

Exploit Scenario: N/A

Recommendations: turn the reentrancy guard during the execution of withdrawFees.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/849





L-02 _beforeTokenTransfer for debtToken does not reduce currentAllowance.

Severity: Low	Impact: Low	Likelihood: Low
Files: ShareDebtToken.sol	Status: Not Fixed	

Description: When this token is entered through transferWithNoChecks the currentAllowance is never reduced, This might limit some hooks implementations.

Exploit Scenario: N/A

Recommendations: If this is a feature you wish hooks to be able to use, you might want to change the API or allow for hooks to reduce allowance as part of transfers.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed by adding callOnBehalfOfShareToken for hooks

https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/848





Informational Severity Issues

I-01. Borrow and Repay within the same block might grief some actions for that block.

Description: Currently there is no cost (except gas) to borrow and repay within the same block, this would hog all the liquidity for that block.

Recommendation: This is only relevant for small silos. If you wish to fix this behavior perhaps not allowing for borrowed funds to be transferred or redeemed for one block would be able to stop this.

Customer's response: Acknowledged. The issue is not present in a healthy market with good liquidity.

I-02. Implement a view alternative to beforeQuote.

Description: current view methods have no way to make sure that the oracle is not in the middle of a different operation, which might yield faulty results from the quote.

Recommendation: A view method that reads the reentrancy flag from the oracle and reverts if it is set would fix this.

This can also be fixed by the Oracle providers, it's best to at least comment on this topic in the docs or the code.

Customer's response: Acknowledged. This issue can be resolved by implementing required logic in quote() function itself when needed.

I-03. LiquidationCall Might want to turn on the reentrancy guard.

Description: LiquidationCall follows a pattern of

- 1. Calculate values.
- 2. Repay debt.
- 3. Receive reward.

Because There could be a discrepancy between the calculation done in step 1 and the reward received in step 3, this area might be sustainable for reentrancy attack, (as seen on the audit Certora did on April 2024).





Note: Currently no attack vector was found.

Recommendation: it might be possible to make the function safer by following the checks-effects-interactions pattern.

- 1. Turn On the reentrancy guard.
- 2. Calculate all the relevant values.
- 3. Transfer with no checks.
- 4. Turn Off the reentrancy guard.
- 5. Repay.
- 6. Redeem.

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/851

I-04. Possible gas optimization in accrueInterestForAsset

Description: accruelnterestForAsset Is checking the init condition before the more common multiple accruments within the same block. Because we expect the initial check to only trigger once, but the latter check to trigger multiple times per block, by changing the order we might be able to save on some gas.

Recommendation: switch the lines

- 1. if (lastTimestamp == 0)
- 2. if (lastTimestamp == block.timestamp)

Customer's response: Acknowledged.

Fix Review: Properly fixed https://github.com/silo-finance/silo-contracts-v2/pull/852





Formal Verification

Verification Notations

Formally Verified	The rule is verified for every state of the contract(s), under the assumptions of the scope/requirements in the rule.
Implied	The property is implied by some other verified properties
Violated	A counter-example exists that violates one of the assertions of the rule.

General Assumptions and Simplifications

- We work with objects inherited from the original contracts. In the inherited objects we add
 more view methods, flags, etc. In cases where it was not possible to collect the required
 information via the inherited object, we modify the original. E.g. we added flags to keep
 track whether some internal function has been called or not. These modifications don't
 affect the functionality of original contracts.
- We replaced some functions with equivalent CVL implementations. Notably mulDiv and some methods in SiloConfig. This speeds up the verification process.
 When possible, we used a simplified version of SiloMathLib.convertToAssets, SiloMathLib.convertToShares and InterestRateModelV2.getCompoundInterestRate. These overapproximate the originals, meaning that when a property is verified using the simplified method, it is also verified for the original implementation.
- We further assume that these properties hold in all reachable states :
 - a. siloOStorage.protected collateral + siloOStorage.collateral <= tokenO.TotalSupply and the same for token1
 - b. debtTokenO.totalSupply() == 0 <=> siloO.Storage[Debt] == 0 and the same for the other tokens





- c. if a silo has assets then interestRateTimestamp is > 0
- d. There isn't more shares than assets, i.e. siloO.totalSupply() <= siloO.Storage[Collateral]</p>

Formal Verification Properties

Silo

Module General Assumptions

- Any loop was unrolled to two iterations.
- The quoted price of any token, from any oracle is 1.
- We use basic standard ERC20 token implementations for the underlying Silo tokens.
- "Actors" are excluded from being Silo contracts. I.e., we verify that the properties cannot be violated by an external user.

Module Properties

P-01. Integrity of state-changing methods			
Status: Verified			
Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report
HLP_integrityOfBorrow HLP_integrityOfBorrowSame HLP_integrityOfDeposit HLP_integrityOfMint HLP_integrityOfBorrowShares HLP_integrityOfRepayShares HLP_integrityOfRepay HLP_integrityOfRedeem HLP_integrityOfWithdraw	Verified	The methods update the state as expected.	Report





P-02. Methods only affect the expected users

Status: Verified

Rule Name Description Status Link to rule report Balances of all users are Report Borrow **HLP BorrowDoesntAffectOthers** Verified **HLP BorrowSameAssetDoesntAffectOthers** unaffected by the method Report BorrowSame **HLP_BorrowSharesDoesntAffectOthers** except for msg.sender and Report BorrowShares **HLP_DepositDoesntAffectOthers** the users specified in Report Deposit **HLP MintDoesntAffectOthers** Report Mint methods parameters. HLP RedeemDoesntAffectOthers Report Redeem **HLP RepayDoesntAffectOthers HLP_RepaySharesDoesntAffectOthers** Report Repay Report RepayShares

P-03. The protocol doesn't deny access to any user.

Status: Verified

Rule Name Description Status Link to rule report Verified Any user may deposit in favor Report RA_anyone_may_deposit RA_anyone_may_repay Report of anyone. Any user may RA_deposit_recipient_is_not_restricted repay anyone's debt. Report RA_repay_borrower_is_not_restricted Report

P-04. Only specified methods may change important variables

Status: Verified





Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report
howTimeStamp Changes	Verified	InterestRateTimestamp never decreases.	<u>Report</u>
whoCanChange ShareTokenTot alSupply	Verified	Any increase / decrease of CollateralShareToken.TotalSupply() may only be caused by a method with increase / decrease privilege.	<u>Report</u>
whoCanDecrea seRevenue	Verified	Only specified methods may decrease daoAndDeployerRevenue	Report
noAccountCha ngesBeforeAcc rue	Verified	No external method changes the balance of any Silo token for any user without calling AccrueInterestForAsset first.	<u>Report</u>
onlyAccrueCan ChangeVars	Verified	Only AccrueInterestForAsset can change daoAndDeployerRevenue	Report

P-05. Risk assessment properties				
Status: Verified				
Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report	
RA_Silo_repay _all_shares	Verified	A user has no debt after being repaid with max shares amount	Report	
PRV_user_asse ts_invariant_un der_accrual_int	Verified	Any user shares value (converted to underlying assets) doesn't change when calling accrueInterest from both Silos.	<u>Report</u>	





erest			
PRV_LtV_invari ant_under_accr ual_interest	Verified	The LtV of any user doesn't change when calling accrueInterest() from both Silos.	Report

P-06. Integrity	of Max methods		
Status: Verified			
Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report
maxRepay_bur nsAllDebt	Verified	Repaying with maxRepay() value burns all user share debt token balance	Report
HLP_MaxRedee m_noGreaterTh anBalance	Verified	The result of maxRedeem() should never be more than share token balanceOf user	<u>Report</u>
maxWithdraw_ noGreaterThan Liquidity	Verified	The result of maxWithdraw() should never be more than the liquidity of the Silo.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_MaxRepay Shares_reverts	Verified	Trying to repayShares with more than the result of MaxRepayShares always reverts.	Report

P-07. Customer suggested prop	erties
Status: Verified	





Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report
accrueInterest_ idempotent	Verified	accrueInterest() calling twice is the same as calling once (in a single block).	Report
noDebtInBothSi los	Verified	It's not possible to have debt in both Silos.	Report, Report
solventChecke d	Verified	Solvency checked on the correct user on any change that implies more debt.	Report
getDebtAmount sWithInterest_c orrectness	Verified	getDebtAmountsWithInterest() never returns lower value for debtAssetsWithInterest than _totalDebtAssets input	<u>Report</u>
borrowerCollat eralSilo_setNon zeroIncreasesB alance	Verified	if borrowerCollateralSilo[user] is set from zero to non-zero value, user must have balance in one of debt share tokens - excluding switchCollateralToThisSilo() method	<u>Report</u>
borrowerCollat eralSilo_neverS etToZero	Verified	if borrowerCollateralSilo[user] is set from zero to non-zero value, it never goes back to zero	<u>Report</u>
	Implied	The result of previewBorrow() should be equal to the result of borrow(). Implied by HLP_PreviewBorrowCorrectness_strict	
	Implied	The result of previewMint() should be equal to the result of mint(). Implied by HLP_PreviewMintCorrectness_strict	
	Implied	The result of previewWithdraw() should be equal to the result of withdraw(). Implied by HLP_PreviewWithdrawCorrectness_strict	
	Implied	The return value of previewRepay() should be always equal to repay(). Implied by HLP_PreviewRepayCorrectness_strict	
	Implied	repay() any user that can repay the debt should be able to repay the debt. Implied by RA_anyone_may_repay	
	Implied	repay() any other user than the borrower can repay. Implied by RA_anyone_may_repay	





Implied	repayShares() should decrease the debt. Implied by HLP_integrityOfRepayShares	
Implied	repayShares() should reduce only the debt of the borrower. Implied by HLP_repaySharesDoesntAffectOthers	
Implied	repayShares() should not be able to repay more than maxRepayShares. Implied by HLP_MaxRepayShares_reverts	
Implied	repay() should decrease the debt. Implied by HLP_integrityOfRepay	
Implied	repay() should reduce only the debt of the borrower. Implied by HLP_repayDoesntAffectOthers	
Implied	borrowShares() should always increase debt shares of the borrower. Implied by HLP_integrityOfBorrowShares.	
Implied	borrowShares() should always increase the balance of the receiver. Implied by HLP_integrityOfBorrowShares.	
Implied	borrow() should always increase debt shares of the borrower. Implied by HLP_integrityOfBorrow	
Implied	borrow() should always increase the balance of the receiver. Implied by HLP_integrityOfBorrow	





P-8. Integrity of Preview methods			
Status: Verified			
Rule Name	Status	Descrip tion	Link to rule report
HLP_PreviewBorrowCorrectness	Implied	PreviewBorrow must overestimate the debt shares received. Implied by HLP_PreviewBorrowCorrectness_strict	
HLP_PreviewBorrowSharesCorrect ness	Verified	PreviewBorrowShares must underestimate the assets received.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewDepositCorrectness	Verified	PreviewDeposit must underestimate the collateral shares received.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewMintCorrectness	Implied	PreviewMint must overestimate the assets paid. Implied by HLP_PreviewMintCorrectness_strict	
HLP_PreviewRedeemCorrectness	Verified	PreviewRedeem must underestimate the assets received.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewRepayCorrectness	Implied	PreviewRepay must underestimate the debt shares removed. Implied by HLP_PreviewRepayCorrectness_strict	
HLP_PreviewRepaySharesCorrect ness	Verified	PreviewRepayShares must overestimate the assets paid.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewWithdrawCorrectness	Implied	PreviewWithdraw must overestimate the collateral shares paid. Implied by HLP_PreviewWithdrawCorrectness_strict	





HLP_PreviewMintCorrectness_stri	Verified	PreviewMint tells the exact amount of assets paid	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewWithdrawCorrectness _strict	Verified	PreviewWithdraw tells the exact amount of the collateral shares paid.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewBorrowCorrectness_s trict	Verified	PreviewBorrow tells the exact amount of the debt shares received.	<u>Report</u>
HLP_PreviewRepayCorrectness_st rict	Verified	PreviewRepay tells the exact amount of the debt shares removed.	<u>Report</u>

P-09. Reentrancy guard integrity

Status: **Violated**Reported Bug: L-01

Rule Name	Status	Description	Link to rule report
RA_reentrancy GuardStaysUnl ocked	Verified	Reentrancy guard stays unlocked after every public method call.	<u>Report</u>
RA_reentrancy GuardStatus_c hange	Violated	After any call from a non-privileged address the status of reentrancy guard either stays 1 or stays greater than 1.	Report
RA_reentrancy GuardChecked	Verified	Every public method checks (loads) the reentrancy guard	Report, Report





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